

# Ancient Egypt (Year 4)

Prior Learning	Historical Concepts	
What did the Mayans build to worship the Gods? What did the Mayan's believe about the afterlife? How did the Mayan's communicate? Where did the Mayans settle?	<b>Civilisation</b>	The society, culture and way of life of a particular area or group of people.
	<b>Worship</b>	Great admiration or devotion shown towards a god or goddess
	<b>Ruler</b>	A leader of a group of people

## Subject Specific Vocabulary

<b>sarcophagus</b>	a stone coffin, typically adorned with a sculpture or inscription and associated with the ancient civilizations of Egypt, Rome, and Greece
<b>hieroglyphics</b>	form of writing using symbols and images
<b>mummification</b>	preserve (a body) by embalming and wrapping it in cloth.
<b>Pharaoh</b>	a ruler in ancient Egypt

Images, icons, maps and timelines





## Key Facts

- 1) Many pharaohs were buried in large tombs in the Valley of the Kings.
- 2) Mummification was very important to the ancient Egyptians, they put their important organs into canopic jars
- 3) Ancient Egyptians used symbols and images called hieroglyphs to record trade, important information and life stories
- 4) Ancient Egyptians worshipped many gods and had temples for different ones, such as Amun-Ra, Osiris, Horus, Mut, Anubis and Set
- 5) Tutankhamun was known as the 'Boy King', he became Pharaoh at 9 years old and his tomb was found by Howard Carter.
- 6) Pyramids were built as tombs for Pharaohs. The Great pyramid was built for Khufu

